Remaking Berlin - Timothy Moss

2020-09-29

An examination of Berlin's turbulent history through the lens of its water and energy infrastructures. In Remaking Berlin, Timothy Moss takes a novel perspective on Berlin's turbulent twentieth-century history, examining it through the lens of its water and energy infrastructures. He shows that, through a century of changing regimes, geopolitical interventions, and socioeconomic volatility, Berlin's networked urban infrastructures have acted as medium and manifestation of municipal, national, and international politics and policies. Moss traces the coevolution of Berlin and its infrastructure systems from the creation of Greater Berlin in 1920 to remunicipalization of services in 2020, encompassing democratic, fascist, and socialist regimes.
Germany’s Urban Frontiers-Kristin Poling 2020-09-29 In an era of transatlantic migration, Germans were fascinated by the myth of the frontier. Yet, for many, they were most likely to encounter frontier landscapes of new settlement and the taming of nature not in far-flung landscapes abroad, but on the edges of Germany’s many growing cities. Germany’s Urban Frontiers is the first book to examine how nineteenth-century notions of progress, community, and nature shaped the changing spaces of German urban peripheries as the walls and boundaries that had so long defined central European cities disappeared. Through a series of local case studies including Leipzig, Oldenburg, and Berlin, Kristin Poling reveals how Germans on the edge of the city confronted not only questions of planning and control, but also their own histories and futures as a community.

Property, Tenancy and Urban Growth in Stockholm and Berlin, 1860-1920-Håkan Forsell 2006 Exploring the social and political meanings attributed to property - specifically home ownership - this study looks at how these changed during the course of the modern...
city building process between 1860 and 1920. Focussing on two northern European capital cities, Berlin and Stockholm, the study contributes to the understanding of various factors that shaped the dynamic urban growth that characterized this period.

Catalogue of the Belleville Public Library-Belleville Public Library 1884

Property, Tenancy and Urban Growth in Stockholm and Berlin, 1860920-Håkan Forsell 2017-11-30 From the middle of the nineteenth century, most European cities experienced a period of unrivalled growth and development that forever changed not only their physical characteristics, but also their social foundations. As the great industrial cites were forced to face the new and unprecedented challenges of rapid urbanisation and increased population, they had to rethink many of the concepts on which previous city institutions had been based. One of the most fundamental of these was the role of house ownership, and the rights and responsibilities it offered. Exploring the social and political meanings attributed to property - specifically home ownership - this study looks at how these changed during the course of the modern city building process between 1860 and 1920. Focussing on two northern European capital cities, Berlin and Stockholm, it provides a symmetrical investigation that helps illuminate the competing factors that shaped the
shifting nature of cityscapes and urban social structures.

**Theodor von Mopsuestia und das Nicänum**-Simon Gerber 2000-03-10 Using the catechetical homilies of Theodore of Mopsuestia, the influence of the Nicene Creed on the imperial church since Theodosius is studied. This work offers a contribution to the discussions concerning the origin of the Nicæno-Constantinopolitan Creed.

**From Wolfram and Petrarch to Goethe and Grass**-Leonard Forster 1982

**Sociology of Postmodernism**-Dr Scott Lash 2014-01-21 First published in 1990. Routledge is an imprint of Taylor & Francis, an informa company.

**Social History of Nineteenth Century Mathematics**-Mehrtens 2012-12-06 During the last few decades historians of science have shown a growing interest in science as a cultural activity and have regarded science more and more as part of the general developments that have occurred in society. This trend has been less evident among historians of mathematics,
who traditionally concentrate primarily on tracing the development of mathematical knowledge itself. To some degree this restriction is connected with the special role of mathematics compared with the other sciences; mathematics typifies the most objective, most coercive type of knowledge, and therefore seems to be least affected by social influences. Nevertheless, biography, institutional history and history of national developments have long been elements in the historiography of mathematics. This interest in the social aspects of mathematics has widened recently through the study of other themes, such as the relation of mathematics to the development of the educational system. Some scholars have begun to apply the methods of historical sociology of knowledge to mathematics; others have attempted to give a Marxist analysis of the connection between mathematics and productive forces, and there have been philosophical studies about the communication processes involved in the production of mathematical knowledge. An interest in causal analyses of historical processes has led to the study of other factors influencing the development of mathematics, such as the formation of mathematical schools, the changes in the professional situation of the mathematician and the general cultural milieu of the mathematical scientist.

The History of the Public Revenue of the British Empire - Sir John Sinclair 1804
Citizens, Soldiers and National Armies - Thomas Hippler 2007-08-07 This book examines the creation of ‘national armies’ through compulsory military service in France and Prussia during the French Revolution and the Prussian Reform Period. The French Revolution tried to establish military and political structures in which the armed forces and society would merge. In order to ensure that the army would never become a means of oppression against the people, the whole population should thus ‘be’ the army. Defeated by the enormous military potential that these new political settings had unchained in France, Prussia adapted the French innovations to its own needs, thus laying the basis for its contributions to the victories of the coalition troops in 1813-15. Conscription had implications that went beyond the purely military sphere and involved assumptions about the nature of the state and its relationship to its citizens. It was the material basis of Napoleon’s campaigns and of the German ‘wars of national liberation’ of 1813-15, before becoming a cornerstone of the Prussian Reforms and the creation of a civil society ‘from above’. Military service has therefore been one of the most essential and contradictory institutions of the modern nation-state. Citizens, Soldiers and National Armies will be of interest to historians of modern Europe, military historians and students of intellectual history in general.

Greening Berlin - Jens Lachmund 2013-01-04 How plant and animal species conservation became part of urban planning in Berlin, and how the science of ecology contributed to this
change. Although nature conservation has traditionally focused on the countryside, issues of biodiversity protection also appear on the political agendas of many cities. One of the emblematic examples of this now worldwide trend has been the German city of Berlin, where, since the 1970s, urban planning has been complemented by a systematic policy of “biotope protection”—at first only in the walled city island of West Berlin, but subsequently across the whole of the reunified capital. In Greening Berlin, Jens Lachmund uses the example of Berlin to examine the scientific and political dynamics that produced this change. After describing a tradition of urban greening in Berlin that began in the late nineteenth century, Lachmund details the practices of urban ecology and nature preservation that emerged in West Berlin after World War II and have continued in post-unification Berlin. He tells how ecologists and naturalists created an ecological understanding of urban space on which later nature-conservation policy was based. Lachmund argues that scientific change in ecology and the new politics of nature mutually shaped or “co-produced” each other under locally specific conditions in Berlin. He shows how the practices of ecologists coalesced with administrative practices to form an institutionally embedded and politically consequential “nature regime.” Lachmund’s study sheds light not only on the changing place of nature in the modern city but also on the political use of science in environmental conflicts, showing the mutual formation of science, politics, and nature in an urban context.
Museums and Biographies-Kate Hill 2014-10-16 Essays exploring the relationship between museums and biographies, with worldwide examples and from the early nineteenth century to the present day.

Sub-Municipal Governance in Europe-Nikolaos-Komninos Hlepas 2018-01-16 This book explores sub-municipal units’ (SMU) role in decision making, decentralized institutional innovation, social innovation and, in rural areas, service delivery. Focusing on fourteen European countries, the book examines the impact of political cultures, administrative traditions and local government systems on the functioning of the SMUs. An under-explored topic in the literature, this book provides a comprehensive, comparative European, thematically broad, descriptive book on sub-municipal governance.

A Companion to the Philosophy of Education-Randall Curren 2008-04-15 A Companion to the Philosophy of Education is a comprehensive guide to philosophical thinking about education. Offers a state-of-the-art account of current and controversial issues in education, including issues pertaining to multiculturalism, special education, sex education, and academic freedom. Written by an international team of leading experts, who are directly engaged with these profound and complex educational problems. Serves as an indispensable guide to the field of philosophy of education.

1940-1946-Massimo Mastrogregori 2013-08-26 Annually published since 1930, the International bibliography of Historical Sciences (IBOHS) is an international bibliography of the most important historical monographs and periodical articles published throughout the world, which deal with history from the earliest to the most recent times. The works are arranged systematically according to period, region or historical discipline, and within this classificationalphabetically. The bibliography contains a geographical index and indexes of persons and authors.

Berlin-Barney White-Spunner 2020-10-29 'An impressively clear and engaging biography of a fascinating city at the very centre of European history' Antony Beevor 'My only complaint
is that it was so fascinating I wish it had been longer. What a story!' Philip Mansel Telling
the story of its people and its rulers, from its medieval origins up to the present day, Berlin
is a fascinating and informative history of an extraordinary city from the author of the
international bestseller Partition. Berlin is Europe’s most fascinating and exciting city. It is
and always has been a city on the edge – geographically, culturally, politically and morally.
The great movements that have shaken Europe, from the Reformation to Marxism have their
origins in Berlin’s streets. The long-time capital of Prussia and of the Hohenzollern dynasty
it has never, paradoxically, been a Prussian city. Instead it has always been a city of
immigrants, a city that accepts everyone and turns them into Berliners. A typical Berliner, it
is said, is someone who has just arrived at the railway station. With its unique dialect,
exceptional museums, experimental cultural scene, its liberated social life and its open and
honest approach to its history, with monuments to the Holocaust as prominent as its rebuilt
royal palace, it is as challenging a city as it is absorbing. And it has always been like that,
since its medieval foundation as twin fishing villages. Too often Berlin is seen through the
prism of Nazism and its role on the front line in the Cold War. Important, frightening and
interesting as those periods are, its history starts much further ago than that. As
approachable for the casual visitor to Berlin as it is informative for those who enjoy reading
history, Berlin: The Story of a City is as fascinating as its subject.
History and Historiography of Linguistics - Hans-Josef Niederehe 1990 These two volume present papers from the Fourth International Conference on the History of the Language Sciences (ICHoLS IV), held at the University of Trier, Germany, in August 1987. Volume 1 contains the following sections: I. Generalia; II. Antiquity; III. Arabic Linguistics; IV. Middle Ages; V. Renaissance; VI. 17th Century. Volume 2 continues with: VII. 18th Century; VIII. 19th Century; IX. 20th Century; and provides Author and Subject Indexes.

Veröffentlichungen der Historischen Kommission für die Provinz Brandenburg und die Reichshauptstadt Berlin - 1934

The American Bookseller - 1882

Host Bibliographic Record for Bound with Item Barcode 30112072131219 and Others - 1864

Simon Dubnow's "New Judaism" - Robert Seltzer 2013-12-05 In Simon Dubnow’s ‘New
Judaism’, Seltzer traces a shtetl youth’s rejection of traditional Judaism and the impact of European intellectual currents on the most eminent East European Jewish historian of his time (1860-1941) and exponent of Jewish cultural nationalism.

**Bulletin ... of Books Added to the Public Library of Detroit, Mich**-Detroit Public Library 1901

**Nieuwsblad Voor Den Boekhandel**- 1835 With 1855-1927 are issued and bound: Handelingen van de algemeene vergadering.

**Sources of Information on Military Professional Subjects**-United States. Adjutant-General's Office. Military Information Division 1898

**DER PREUSZISCHE VERFASSUNGSKAMPF VOR HUNDERT JAHREN**-PAUL HAAKE 1921

_Geschichte Berlins 1 Band Von Der Frühgeschichte Bis Zur Industrialisierung_ 13/21 [eBooks]
Clause Structure and Word Order in the History of German-Agnes Jäger 2018-03-09
This volume presents the first comprehensive generative account of the historical syntax of German. Leading scholars in the field survey a range of topics and offer new insights into central aspects of clause structure and word order, outlining the different stages of their historical development. Each chapter combines a solid empirical basis with descriptive generalizations, supported by a detailed discussion of theoretical analyses couched in the generative framework. Reference is also made throughout to the more traditional descriptive model of the German clause. The volume is divided into three parts that correspond to the main parts of the clause. Part I explores the left periphery, looking at verb placement (verb second and competing orders), the prefield, and adverbial connectives, while Part II discusses the middle field, including pronominal syntax, the order of full NPs, and the history of negation. The final part examines the right periphery with chapters covering basic word order (OV/VO), prosodic and information-structural factors, and the verbal complex. The book will be a valuable resource for researchers and students in historical syntax and the Germanic languages, and for both descriptive and theoretical linguists alike.

History of the Principal Public Banks-J. G. Van Dillen 1964-06 First Published in 1964.
Routledge is an imprint of Taylor & Francis, an informa company.

Geschichte Berlins 1 Band Von Der Frühgeschichte Bis Zur Industrialisierung
Works of Fiction in the German Language in the Public Library of the City of Boston-Boston Public Library 1905


Metropolis-D. Halász 2013-11-21

A History of Poetics-Sandra Richter 2010 "Since the 1990s, following the end of postmodernism, literary theory has lost much of its dynamics. This book aims at revitalising literary theory exploring two of its historical bases: German poetics and aesthetics. Beginning in the 1770s and ending in the 1950s, the book examines nearly 200 years of this history, thereby providing the reader with a first history of poetics as well as with bibliographies of the subject. Particular attention is paid to the aesthetics and poetics of popular philosophy, of the Hegel-school, empirical and psychological tendencies in the field since the 1860s, the first steps towards a plurality of methods (1890-1930), theoretical confrontations during the Nazi-period as well as the rise of formalist and anthropological
approaches from the 1930s onwards. All approaches are evaluated regarding their relevance for academia as well as for the general history of education. If possible, international references and contexts of the relevant theories are taken into account. In sum, the analysis not only shows how differentiated historical accounts in the field were but also reflects how current literary theory could move forward through the rediscovery of sunken ideas."--Publisher's website.

Index-catalogue of the Library of the Surgeon-General's Office, United States Army-National Library of Medicine (U.S.) 1911

Index-catalogue of the Library of the Surgeon-General's Office, United States Army-Library of the Surgeon-General's Office (U.S.) 1907

Germany at War: 400 Years of Military History [4 volumes]-David T. Zabecki Ph.D. 2014-10-28 Written by experts for use by nonexperts, this monumental work probes Germany's "Genius for War" and the unmistakable pattern of tactical and operational innovation and excellence evident throughout the nation's military history. • Pulls together Geschichte Berlins 1 Band Von Der Fruhgeschichte Bis Zur Industrialisierung 16/21
all the historical military threads that resulted in modern Germany • Examines wars, battles, leaders, weapons, and strategy and tactics • Features contributors from 14 countries, including official historians from America, Germany, the United Kingdom, Canada, and Estonia • Offers biographies of selected German military leaders who made significant contributions in non-German wars, such as Friedrich Wilhelm von Steuben, Christian von Zweibrücken, and Johann Gottlieb Rall (American Revolution) and Carl Schurz (American Civil War) • Includes 77 original documents, more than half of which were translated into English for the first time for this encyclopedia

The Foreign monthly review and continental literary journal- 1839

History and Climate-Phil D. Jones 2013-04-17 Most studies of the impacts of climate change consider impacts in the future from anthropogenic climate change. Very few consider what the impacts of past climate change have been. History and Climate: Memories of the Future? contains 13 interdisciplinary chapters which consider impacts of change in different regions of the world, over the last millennium. Initial chapters assess evidence for the changes, while later chapters consider the impacts on agriculture, fisheries, health, and society. The book will be of interest to anyone working in the field of
climate change and history.

**Turkish Religious Texts in Latin Script from 18th Century South-Eastern Anatolia**

Tadeusz Majda 2020-08-10

Studien zur Sprache, Geschichte und Kultur der Turkvölker was founded in 1980 by the Hungarian Turkologist György Hazai. The series deals with all aspects of Turkic language, culture and history, and has a broad temporal and regional scope. It welcomes manuscripts on Central, Northern, Western and Eastern Asia as well as parts of Europe, and allows for a wide time span from the first mention in the 6th century to modernity and present.
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